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EN 12326-1:2004								
Number of this commercial document Spec			cimen Date of issue 12th		12th Decemb	12th December 2012		
Commercial document issued by: SSQ UK Ltd., 301 Elveden Road, F					l, Park Royal, London, NW10 7SS, United Kingdom			
Location of the mine	Location of the mine or quarry: Carbajal de la Romana, La Baña, Spain							
This document records the conformity of the product described below and is incomplete without the explanation of the meaning of the test results and the requirements of EN 12326-1:2004. The tests referred to and the criteria are contained in EN 12326-1:2004 & - 2:2000								
Date of sampling		2	29/06/2010	Date of testir	ng	06/12/2011 <b>(val</b>	id until 2014)	
Product des commerc			Sla	Slate for roofing and exterior cladding <b>Del Carmen</b> Celtas			Conformity	
1 Dimensional tolerar	nces:							
Format						Rectangular		
Deviation from decla	ared length					≤ +/- 5 mm	Yes	
Deviation from decla	ared width					≤ +/- 5 mm	Yes	
Deviation from squareness						≤ +/- 1 %	Yes	
Deviation from straightness of edges			Slate length <500 mm: 5mm max deviation Slate length >500 mm: 1% max deviation				Yes	
Slate Type for deviation from flatness			Very Smooth	Smooth	Normal	Textured	Very Smooth	
Deviation from flatness			0.9%	<1%	<1.5%	<1.5%	Yes	
2 Thickness:								
Slate type for packed	l thickness calcu	ılation	Very Smooth	Smooth	Normal	Textured		
Nominal thickness a	nd variation				3.7	- 5 mm, <+- 15 %	Yes	
3 Strength:								
Characteristic MoR			Transverse	47 MPa	Longitudinal	60 MPa		
Mean failure load			Transverse	638 N	Longitudinal	1137 N		
4 Water absorption:						A1 (0.34%)	Yes	
5 Freeze thaw:							Not required	
6 Thermal cycle test	:		T1				Yes	
7 Carbonate content:					0.08%	Yes		
8 Sulfur dioxide 20% carbonate:						S1	Yes	
exposure tests:	> 20% carbonat	e:					NA	
9 Non-carbonate carbon content:		0.48%				Yes		
10 External fire performance:		Deemed to satisfy				Yes		
11 Reaction to fire:		Deemed to satisfy class A1				Yes		
12 Release of dangerous substances:		S:	None in conditions of use as roofing or external cladding				Not required	
- Italiana of annigations constanted			1				.131.13441104	

Date of sampling and testing	If more than one date is applicable to sampling or testing they should be indicated against the individual test results						
Product description Slate for roofing and cladding or carbonate slate for roofing and cladding							
1 Dimesional tolerances.							
Length and width	Maximum devia	ation 5 mm					
Deviation from squareness	Maximum devia	Maximum deviation 1 % of the length					
Deviation from etraightness of adgress	Slate length 500 mm Permitted deviation 5 mm.						
Deviation from straightness of edges	Slate length > 500 mm Permitted deviation 1 % of the length						
	Slate type	Maximum deviation from flatness as a % of the slate length.					
Flatness: The limits of deviation from flatness are defined for four types of slate. The	Very smooth < 0.68						
bevelled edges shall be applied to the convex face. Slates with deviation from flatness in excess of the limit may be used for special	Smooth	< 1.0					
applications.	Normal	< 1.5					
	Textured	< 1.5					

2 Thickness: The basic nominal thickness is determined as a function of the bending strength using the equations given in 3 below, local climate conditions and traditional construction techniques. The basic nominal thickness is increased in relation to the slate's performance in the appropriate sulfur dioxide test (if required) as shown in 7 & 8 below.

3 Strength: Longitudinal and transverse bending strength and modulus of rupture: There is no limit for bending strength or modulus. However the basic nominal thickness is determined as a function of the bend strength using the equations given below, local climate conditions and traditional construction techniques.

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 $e_{l} \qquad X \cdot \sqrt{\frac{l}{R_{cl}}} \qquad \qquad e_{cl} \qquad \qquad \text{is the longitudinal thickness, in millimetres (mm);} \\ e_{ct} \qquad \qquad \text{is the transverse thickness, in millimetres (mm);} \\ is the length of the slate, in millimetres (mm);} \\ and \qquad \qquad b \qquad \qquad \text{is the width of the slate, in millimetres (mm);} \\$ 

is the characteristic longitudinal modulus of rupture in mega Pascals (MPa);

 $e_t ext{ } X ext{ . } \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R_t$  is the characteristic transverse modulus of rupture in mega Pascals (MPa)

X is a constant determined as a function of climate and the traditional construction techniques in root Newton millimetres ( $N^{1/2}$ .mm $^{1/2}$ ). It may be different for each equation and is selected for the country of use according to the table below

National X factors	Country	Transverse	Longitudinal	Country	Transverse	Longitudinal
	Belgium	1,35	1,35	Italy	1,2	1,2
	France	1,25	1,40	Spain	1,2	1,2
	Germany	1,2	1,2	UK	0,9	1,1

Those countries which have not declared a national value should select a value or a pair of values in relation to their countries climate and traditional construction techniques. It should not be less than the minimum value or pair of values given above.

 $e_l$  and  $e_t$  are determined by using the length l and the width b of the slates. The maximum value determined is the basic individual thickness of the slate,  $e_{bi}$ . The basic individual thickness is increased in relation to the slates performance in the appropriate sulfur dioxide test as shown in 7 and 8 below. For a significant difference between the longitudinal and transverse modulus of rupture the t-statistic is greater than 2,021.

- 4 Water Absorption The water absorption of slates shall not exceed 0,6 % unless they can satisfy the requirements of the Freeze-thaw test.
- 5 Freeze-thaw test: Slates with a water absorption greater than 0,6 % shall show no significant reduction in bending strength using a one-sided Student's t test at the 2,5 % significance level. (Slates with a water absorption of 0,60 % or less are not required to undergo a Freeze-thaw test).
- 6 Thermal cycle test: The following table explains the meaning of the test codes -

Code	Observation in the test	Conformity to the standard
T1	No changes in appearance. Surface oxidation of metallic minerals. Colour changes that neither affect the structure nor form runs of discolouration	Acceptable
T2	Oxidation or appearance changes of the metallic inclusions with runs of discolouration but without structural changes.	Acceptable
Т3	Oxidation or appearance changes of metallic minerals which penetrate the slate and risk the formation of holes.	Acceptable subject to the note below

Slates within Code T3 which potentially may result in water penetration should only be used selectively with suitable methods of construction which avoid such penetration. Slates showing exfoliation splitting or other structural changes in this test are not acceptable

7 Carbonate content: There is no limit on carbonate content. However the carbonate content determines which sulfur dioxide exposure test procedure should be carried out and, together with the strength, the minimum nominal thickness of the product.

If the carbonate content is less than 20 % then the sulfur dioxide exposure test procedure EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.1 applies. If the carbonate content is 20 % or more the sulfur dioxide exposure test procedure EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.2 applies. The minimum thickness is calculated using the table below.

8 Minimum nominal thickness in relation to carbonate content and sulfur dioxide exposure code

Carbonate content %	SO <sub>2</sub> exposure test code from EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.1	Depth of softened layer from EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.2	Thickness adjustment
	S1		None
5,0	S2		e <sub>bi</sub> + 5 %
	<b>S</b> 3		e <sub>bi</sub> 8.0 mm or switch to the test in EN 12326-2:2000, subclause15.2
	S1		e <sub>bi</sub> + 5 %
> 5,0 < 20,0	S2		e <sub>bi</sub> + 10 %
	<b>S</b> 3		e <sub>bi</sub> 8.0 mm or switch to test the in EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.2
20,0		0 - 0,70 mm	$e_{bi}$ + 0,50 mm + 7 t <sup>2</sup>

 $e_{bi}$  is the basic individual thickness in mm obtained from 3 above

 $\it t$  is the thickness in mm of the softened layer obtained from EN 12326-2:2000, subclause 15.2

9 Non-carbonate carbon content: The non-carbonate carbon content shall be less than 2 %.





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All of SSQ's Natural Roofing Slate products conform to the requirements of the European Standard EN 12326-1:2004. The information in the table below demonstrates conformity of Del Carmen Celtas Roofing Slate. For further information, contact <a href="mailto:info@ssq.co.uk">info@ssq.co.uk</a>.

## **DEL CARMEN**CELTAS

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Carbaja	l de la	Romana,	, La Baña,	, Spain
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Date of Test: December 2011 (valid until 2014)

EN 12326-1:2004							
Roofing and External Cladding Slate							
Dimensions and	dimensional variation	Complies (<	+/- 5mm)				
Nominal thicknes	s and variation	Complies (<	+/- 35%)				
Mechanical	MoR	Transverse	62 MPa	Longitudinal	76 MPa		
Resistance	Mean Failure Load	Transverse	938 N	Longitudinal	1137 N		
Carbonate conte	nt	Complies ≤ 5	5%	-			
Durability / Water	absorption	Complies with code A1 <0.6%					
Durability / Freeze thaw cycling		Not required					
Durability / Thermal cycling		Complies with code T1					
Durability / Sulfur dioxide exposure		Complies with code S1					
Durability / Non - carbonate carbon content		Complies < 2%					
Release of dangerous substances		None in conditions of use as roofing or external cladding					
External fire performance		Deemed to satisfy					
Reaction to fire		Deemed to satisfy class A1					



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## CERTIFICAT



Organisme de certification mandaté pour la marque NF par AFNOR Certification Ardoises

Slates

Délivré à / granted to

## PIZARRAS DEL CARMEN

Ctra de Leon s/n SPAIN 24748 LA BANA-LEON

Pour les produits suivants / For the following products
ARDOISES

Slates

(références et caractéristiques données en annexe(s) / references and caracteristics given in attached appendix)

Fabriqués dans l'usine :

Manufactured in production plant :

Carrière CARBAJAL DE LA ROMANA SPAIN 24746 La Bana (Leon)

Numéro d'identification :

04/01

Ce certificat est délivré par le LNE dans les conditions fixées par les régles de certification NF et en conformité avec la (les) norme(s) de référence ci-dessous :

NF EN 12326-1

En vertu de la présente décision notifiée par le LNE, AFNOR Certification accorde le droit d'usage de la marque NF à la société qui en est bénéficiaire pour les produits visés ci-dessus, dans les conditions définies par les règles générales de la marque NF et par le référentiel de certification NF mentionné ci-dessus

This certificate is issued by the LNE according to the certification rules NF and in conformity with the reference(s) below:

NF EN 12326-1

On the strength of the present decision notified by the LNE, AFNOR Certification grants the right to use the NF Mark to the grantee for the aforementioned products, within the frame of the general conditions applying to the NF Mark and to the aforementioned NF certification



Date de début de validité Effective date

Date de fin de validité Expiry daté 06 Décembre 2011 December 0th, 2011

31 Mars 2014 March 31st, 2014 Etabli à Paris le 06 Décembre 2011

Pour le LNE

Certificat nº 5027 revision 4 Modifie le certificat 5027-3 Laurence DAGALLIER Directrice Deleguée

## Laboratoire national de métrologie et d'essais

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